

Detection of Subsurface Fractures in Rocks for Oil Recovery and Subsurface Sequestration

Track Code: 2018-NOLT-68092

Categories:

- Chemical Engineering
- Materials and Manufacturing

Keywords:

- Chemical Engineering
- Micro & Nanotechnologies
- Mining Industry
- Nanomaterials

Oil and gas companies, along with others interested in studying the geology below ground, need accurate ways to detect subsurface features. Subsurface engineers must find the fractures and fracture networks that affect fluid extraction, sequestration, and other fluid movement through the subsurface. The current methods used to illuminate subsurface fractures either use physical sensors that do not move through small holes within the rocks or record vibrations produced upon induced damage in the rock. Such induced damage may occur too far from a sensor to produce an accurate signal. The amount of information available for very small cracks in the rock is limited when using current techniques.

Researchers at Purdue University have developed a new way to locate subsurface fractures in rocks that promises greater accuracy. This new technology uses active particle swarms that travel through small holes in the rock. These particles produce a chemically induced vibration that can be detected from the surface. Subsurface engineers using this method will detect more small fractures and can employ this wealth of data to conduct their operations in a more environmentally conscious manner. Further, the method makes characterization of fractures in the rock more efficient, because the active particles swarms travel farther and deeper than other methods. This new technology will be valuable to enhance oil recovery, geothermal production, and subsurface sequestration.

Advantages:

- Safer
- More efficient
- Enhance visibility of fractures in rock below earth's surface

Potential Applications:

- Oil recovery

- Geothermal production
- Subsurface sequestration

People:

- Pyrak-Nolte, Laura J (Project leader)
- Nolte, David D.
- Nolte, Nicholas

Intellectual Property:

Application Date: December 27, 2018

Type: Utility Patent

Country of Filing: United States

Patent Number: 11,086,045

Issue Date: August 10, 2021

Application Date: December 31, 2017

Type: Provisional-Patent

Country of Filing: United States

Patent Number: (None)

Issue Date: (None)

Contact OTC:

Purdue Office of Technology Commercialization
The Convergence Center
101 Foundry Drive, Suite 2500
West Lafayette, IN 47906

Phone: (765) 588-3475

Fax: (765) 463-3486

Email: otcip@prf.org